

FULL

full, *i. a.* (Of vessel etc.) having in it all there is room for; having a great amount, number, in; complete; (of light, colour etc.) strong, deep; (of dress) with great amount of material falling in folds. *At f. speed*, as quickly as possible; *f. dress*, dress used at important events; *f. face*, as seen from in front; *f. figure*, fat, solid one; *f. moon*, seen as complete circle; *f. of*, *sp.*, (of persons) with attention completely taken up by; *f. stop*, mark (.) used at end of statement etc.; *in f.*, with *f. details*; *in f. swing*, well started, going well; *to the f.*, to the limit, quite. 2. *adv.* Fully. *Go f. tilt*, go with force. **f-blooded**, *a.* Strong and healthy; of unmixed blood. **f-blown**, *a.* (Of flower etc.) quite open. **-y**, *adv.* Completely, quite. (*ful*).

full, *v.t.* Put (cloth) through process making clean and thicker. *Fuller's earth*, sort of powder used for fulling etc.

fulminate, *v.i. & t.* Go off with loud noise, as thunder; say fulminantly; make loud, bitter protest against. (*falmineit*).

fulsome, *a.* (Of words, behaviour) overdoing attempt at pleasing, disgustingly sweet. (*fulsəm*).

fumble, *v.i. & t.* Be feeling about uncertainly with hands; do (something) badly. (*fambli*).

fume, *i. n.* Strong-smelling smoke, gas given off (gen. *ff.*). 2. *v.i. & t.* Give off *ff.*; make (wood) dark by chemical *ff.*; give signs of angry humour. **fumigate** (*fju:migeit*), *v.t.* Disinfect by use of fumes. (*fju:m*).

fun, *n.* Amusement, play. *In f.*, to give amusement, not seriously; *poke f. at*, make sport of. (*fən*).

function, *i. n.* Special work, operation, or purpose of a thing; person's special work; public event; [Math.] amount whose value is dependent on the changing value of some other. 2. *v.i.* Be in operation. *F. as*, do *f. of*. **-al**, *a.* (Of diseases etc.) having effect on function, not structure. **-ary**, *n.* OFFICIAL, *sp.* in connection with public function. (*fəŋkʃən*).

fund, *n.* Store of something, *sp.*, money put on one side for a purpose. *Ff.*, money; *in ff.*, having money. (*fənd*).

fundamental, *i. a.* Of, forming, base; very important, necessary. 2. *n.* *F. rule*; necessary part. (*fənda'menti*).

funeral, *n.*, *a.* Taking of dead body to last resting-place with forms of religion etc. **funereal** (*fju:'niəriəl*), *a.* Of, like, a funeral. *sad, dark*. (*fju:nərəl*).

fungus (*rungi*), *n.* Sort of plant without green leaves, living on dead or living substance of other plants or of animals.

fungoid, *a.* Fungus-like. **fungous**, *a.* Of, like, fungi. (*fəŋgəs*).

FUSE

fu'nicular, *a.* *F. railway*, train pulled up and down on chain etc. worked by engine at one end. (*fju:'nikjula*).

funk, [*Com.*] *i. n.* Condition of great fear; one given to *f.* 2. *v.i. & t.* Be a *f.*; not do through *f.* (*funk*).

funnel, *n.* Pipe with wide mouth, for putting liquid into small opening; smoke outlet of engine or steamer. (*'fənl*).

funny, *a.* Causing amusement; strange, causing surprise. **f-bone**, *n.* ELBOW bone. (*'fəni*).

fur, *i. n.* Soft, thick hair of certain animals; skin with *f.* used as material for clothing; bit of *f.* for neck; substance coating tongue of ill person; hard substance forming on inside of kettle etc. from water. *Ff.*, *f.* clothing. 2. *v.t.* Put *f.* on as ornament; get coated with *f.* **-rier** (*'fəriə*), *n.* Trader in, worker on, furs. (*fə:*).

furbelow, *n.* Unnecessary ornament on dress (*frills and ff.*). (*'fə:bi:lou*).

furbish, *v.t.* Get polished; make (old thing) like new (gen. *f. up*). (*'fə:bif*).

furious, *a.* Violently angry; violent. (*'fjuəriəs*).

furl, *v.t. & i.* Get (flag, sail, umbrella) rolled up. (*fə:li*).

furlong, *n.* 220 yards. (*'fə:lŋ*).

furlough, *n.* Stretch of time given to person (*sp.* in army) to go away and take a rest from work. (*'fə:lou*).

urnace, *n.* Great oven for heating metals etc. in; shut-in fireplace for heating building by pipes. (*'fə:nis*).

furnish, *v.t. & i.* Give, let have; put furniture in. **furniture**, *n.* Things, such as tables, seats, for house, room etc. (*'fə:nif*).

fu'rore, *n.* Strong public approval, interest. (*fu'rɔ:ri*).

furrow, *i. n.* Deep line made in earth by plough; deep line in face etc. 2. *v.t.* Make *ff.* in. (*'fərou*).

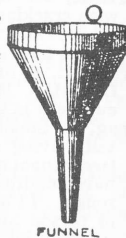
further, *i. adv.* Farther; more, in addition. 2. *a.* Farther away; in addition, more. 3. *v.t.* Be of help to (undertaking etc.). **furthest**, *a.*, *adv.* Farthest. **-more**, *adv.* In addition. **-most**, *a.* Farthest away. (*'fə:ðə*).

furtive, *a.* Secret, not open. (*'fə:tiv*).

fury, *n.* Violently angry feeling; violent force (of wind etc.); angry woman. (*'fjuəri*).

furze, *n.* Tree-like plant with yellow flowers and sharp points. (*fə:z*).

fuse, *i. v.t. & i.* Make or become liquid through great heat; get (metals) joined, mixed, by fusing. 2. *n.* Bit of wire forming part of electric connection,



FUSE

which fuses when current is over-strong, so cutting it off. **fusion**, *n.* *Sp.*, uniting of different things into one. (*fju:z*).

fuse, *n.* Narrow pipe or cord etc. of or with readily burning material for letting off BOMB etc.

fuselage, *n.* Framework of airplane. (*'fju:zila:ʒ*).

fusilade, *n.* Quick firing of guns going on for a long time. (*fju:zi'leid*).

fusi'lier, *n.* Man of certain units of British army. (*fju:zi'liə*).

fuss, *i. n.* Unnecessary noise and motion; (making) trouble over unimportant things. 2. *v.i. & t.* Make *f.*; make unnecessary small motions (*with*); make at a loss. **-y**, *a.* *Sp.*, over-ornamented. (*fəs*).

fustian, *n.* Sort of cotton cloth; high-sounding but hollow talk. (*'fəstjən*).

fusty, *a.* Smelling of dust, old. (*'fəsti*).

futile, *a.* Of no use or effect. (*'fju:tail*).

future, *n.*, *a.* (Time, events) which will be after the present; [Lang.] used in statements about *f. ff.*, (orders taken for) goods to be produced later; *for the, in, f.*, from now on. **futurism**, *n.* Certain school of art marked by violent change from old forms. **fu'turity**, *n.* Future time, events. (*'fju:tʃə*).

fuzz, *n.* Frizz. **-y**, *a.* *Sp.*, (of outline) not clear. (*fəz*).

G

G, [Mus.] 5th note in C MAJOR scale. (*dʒi:*).

gab, [Hum.] *n.* Talk. *Gift of the g.*, power of talking well, much. (*gab*).

gabble, *v.i. & t.*, *n.* Be talking, say, quickly, not clearly. (*'gabli*).

gaberdine, *n.* Long, loose dress (as) of Jews; smooth, strong cloth. (*'gabədi:n*).

gable, *n.* Pointed top of wall between 2 slopes of roof. (*'geibl*).

gad, *v.i.* Go about looking for pleasure, amusement. **-about**, *n.* One given to gadding. (*gad*).

gad-fly, *n.* Fly biting cows etc. (*'gadflai*).

gadget, *n.* Small apparatus, instrument, machine-part. (*'gadʒit*).

Gael, *n.* Person of Scot. Highlands. **-ic**, *n.*, *a.* (Language) of Gaels. (*geil*).

gaff, *i. n.* Hook for landing fish; rod for stretching top edge of sail. *Blow the g.*, [*Com.*] let out a secret. 2. *v.t.* Get (fish) with a *g.* (*gaf*).

gaffer, *n.* Old (*sp.*, country-) man. (*'gafə*).

gag, *v.t. & i.*, *n.* (Put) thing in mouth of (person) to keep it open or person quiet, (of actor) (put in) words which are not in play. (*gag*).

gaga, [Hum.] *a.* Completely foolish, off one's head, *sp.*, through being old. (*'gaga:*).

GALLON

gage, *n.* Thing given as SECURITY for debt or undertaking; glove etc. put down as sign that fight is desired with someone. (*geidʒ*).

'gaiety. See GAY.

gain, *i. v.t. & i.* Get (thing desired, *sp.*, profit); be helped, made better, (*by* something, *in* some way). *G. time*, get something put off for a time to give oneself better chance; *g. (up)on*, get nearer to. 2. *n.* Profit, thing gained. **-ful**, *a.* Producing profit. (*gein*).

gain'say (*gainsaid*), *v.t.* Say (statement, fact) is not true. (*gein'sei* (*gein'sed*)).

gait, *n.* Way of walking. (*geit*).

gaiter, *n.* Bit of cloth or leather for covering lower part of leg. (*'geita*).

'gala, *n.* Time of public pleasure-making. *G. night etc.*, one on which special attractions are offered. (*'gala:*).

'galantine, *n.* White meat cut up small, cooked in form of roll etc., and taken cold. (*'galəntin*).

'galaxy, *n.* Band of stars making part of sky brighter but not seen separately; group (of very noted persons etc.). (*'galəksi*).

gale, *n.* Strong wind. (*geil*).

gall, *n.* BILE of lower animals; bitter feeling. **'g-bladder**, *n.* BILE vessel in body. **'g-stone**, *n.* Hard mass forming in gall-bladder. (*gɔ:l*).

gall, *i. v.t.* Make bad place on (animal) by rubbing away skin; give wound to feelings of (person). 2. *n.* Gallad place; bitter, wounded, feelings.

gall, *n.* Growth on tree caused by insect.

gallant, *a.* Without fear; (of ship, horse etc.) beautiful, moving well. **gal'lant**, *n.*, *a.* (Man) pleasing to women, well-dressed; lover. **-ry**, *n.* Acting without fear; behaviour, words, (as) of a gallant. (*'galənt*).

'galleon, [Hist.] *n.* Sorts of great Spanish ship of war or trader with sails. (*'galjən*).

'gallery, *n.* Covered walk open at one side; structure like BALCONY in room; stage forming higher floor in church etc.; (those in) highest, cheapest theatre seats; building where works of art are put on view. *Play to the g.*, do thing in poor taste to get approval of common public. (*'galəri*).

'galley, *n.* [Hist.] Low, flat vessel with sails and oars, gen. worked by prisoners; ship's cooking-place. (*'gali*).

'galley, *n.* Metal tray on which letters are put in order for printing. **'g-proof**, *n.* One produced before division into pages.

'Gallic, *a.* Of Gaul(s); French. **-ism** (*'galisizm*), *n.* *F.* way of saying thing, used in another language. (*'galik*).

'gallivant, *v.i.* GAD. (*'galivant*).

'gallon, *n.* Unit of measure for liquids, grain etc., 4 quarts. (*'galən*).

GALLOP

- 'gallop**, v.i. & t., n. (Of horse etc.) go or make go at quickest sort of run; go galloping on horse. ('galəp).
- 'gallows**, n. Structure for hanging persons on to put them to death. **'g.-bird**, n. Person who is bad enough for hanging. ('galouz).
- 'galop**, n. Sort of quick dance. ('galəp).
- ga'lore**, adv. In a great number, amount. (gə'lə:).
- ga'losh**, n. Rubber over-shoe. (gə'ləʃ).
- gal'vanic**, a. Of, using, produced by, galvanism. **'galvanism**, n. (Medical use of) electric force produced chemically. **'galvanize**, v.t. Make use of galvanism on; put coat of metal on by galvanism. *G. (in) to action etc.*, make (person) do etc. by giving a shock. (gal'vanik).
- 'gambit**, n. Sorts of opening move in chess. ('gambit).
- 'gamble**, i. v.i. Take part in card-play etc. for STAKES; take chance of loss in hope of making profit. 2. n. Something undertaken with great chance of loss, in hope of making profit. ('gambl).
- gam bo'ge**, n. Deep yellow substance used for colouring. (gam'bu:3).
- 'gambol**, v.i., n. Be jumping, playing, about. ('gambl).
- game**, i. n. Form of play, sp., with fixed rules; number of points needed by player to put an end to g.; trick, move; animals, birds, gone after for sport or food. *Fair g.*, person etc. rightly to be gone after, tricked etc.; *make g. of*, make sport of; *play the g.*, sp., keep the rules; do nothing low. 2. a. Not readily giving way in fight, without fear; ready (*to, for*). 3. v.i. GAMBLE at cards. **'-cock**, n. One trained for fighting. **'-keeper**, n. Man whose business is to take care of game in woods etc. **'-ster**, n. One who games. (geim).
- game**, a. (Of leg etc.) damaged, without full powers.
- 'gammon**, n. Back part of FLITCH together with back leg. ('gamən).
- 'gammon**, n. Foolish talk; false, tricking talk or ways.
- gamp**, [Hum.] n. Umbrella. (gamp).
- gamut**, n. Complete range, sp., of notes in music. ('gamət).
- 'gander**, n. Male goose; foolish person. ('gandə).
- gang**, n. Band of workmen, prisoners; group formed for purposes of crime. **'-er**, n. Head of work gang. **'-ster**, n. One of crime gang. (gan).
- 'gang-board**, **gang-plank**, nn. (Board forming) GANGWAY on to ship. ('ganbɔ:d, 'ganplɔ:k).
- 'ganglion**, n. Knot on nerve from which nerve-threads go out. ('gangliən).
- 'gangrene**, n., v.i. Dead condition of part of body, making it go bad. ('gangrɪn).

GAR(R)OTTE

- 'gangway**, n. Opening in side of ship; structure forming bridge between ship and land; narrow way, sp. between lines of seats, persons. ('ganwei).
- 'gannet**, n. Sort of sea-bird. ('ganit).
- gaol**, i. n. Prison. 2. v.t. Put in g. **'-bird**, n. Person frequently gaolied. **'-er**, n. Keeper of prisoners in a gaol. (dʒeɪl).
- gap**, n. Opening (in wall etc.); space or time between, in which there is nothing. (gap).
- gape**, v.i., n. Have mouth etc. wide open; YAWN. *G. at*, take long, surprised look at. (geip).
- 'garage**, i. n. Building for storing or putting right automobiles. 2. v.t. Put in a g. ('gara:3).
- garb**, i. v.t. Put dress on (self, person). 2. n. Dress, sp., of special sort of person. (ga:b).
- 'garbage**, n. Food etc. put out as waste. ('ga:bɪdʒ).
- 'garble**, v.t. Make statement of (facts etc.) in form giving false idea. ('ga:bl).
- 'garden**, i. n. Bit of land where flowers, fruit etc. are planted, gen. near house. *Gg.*, sp., public g. *Common or g.*, with nothing special about it, everyday. 2. v.i. Take care of a g. ('ga:dn).
- gar'denia**, n. Sorts of tree-like plant with sweet-smelling white or yellow flowers. (ga:'dɪniə).
- gar'gantuan**, a. Of very great size. (ga:'gantjuən).
- 'gargle**, i. v.t. & i. Get (throat) washed with liquid kept in motion by breath. 2. n. Liquid so used. ('ga:gl).
- 'gargoyle**, n. Strange-looking head cut in stone as ornament on outlet for rain-water on building. ('ga:goɪl).
- 'garish**, a. Over-bright, over-ornamented. ('geərɪʃ).
- 'garland**, i. n. Circle of flowers, leaves, as ornament. 2. v.t. Put g(g). on. ('gairlənd).
- 'garlic**, n. Plant having bulb with strong taste and smell which is used in cooking. ('ga:lik).
- 'garment**, n. Bit of clothing. ('ga:mənt).
- 'garner**, i. n. Storehouse for grain. 2. v.t. Get stored up. ('ga:nə).
- 'garnet**, n. Sorts of clear stone, sp., dark red g. used as jewel. ('ga:nɪt).
- 'garnish**, i. v.t. Get (food etc.) ornamented. 2. n. Materials for this. **'garniture**, n. Garnish, dressing. ('ga:nɪʃ).
- garni'shee**, [Law.] i. v.t. Give order to (person) not to give up money, goods, to another who has creditors. 2. n. One garnished. (ga:nɪ'si:).
- 'garret**, n. Top room under roof. ('garət).
- 'garrison**, i. n. Military force stationed in a town to keep it safe. 2. v.t. Put, be, g. in. ('garɪsən).
- gar(r)otte**, i. n. (Apparatus for, punishment by) putting person to death by

GARRULOUS

- gripping windpipe tightly. 2. v.t. Put to death by g. (gə'rɒt).
- 'garrulous**, a. Given to talking much. ('garuləs).
- 'garter**, n. Leg-band, gen. made of elastic, to keep stocking up. ('ga:tə).
- gas**, i. n. Any elastic, air-like substance, sp., coal-g. used for light and heat, poison g. used in war, laughing-g. 2. v.t. & i. Make military g. attack on; overcome by g.; be talking long and foolishly. **'g.-bag**, n. Sp., person given to much talking. **'-eous** ('geɪziəs), a. Of, like, gas. **'g.-fire**, n. Fire for room burning gas. **'g.-fitter**, n. Man who puts in, puts right, gas-pipes. **'g.-mask**, n. Breathing-apparatus for use in gas attack. **'g.-meter**, n. Apparatus for recording gas used. **'-ometer** (gas-'mɪtə), n. Structure in which gas is stored for distribution. **'g.-ring**, n. Ring with holes for gas, used for cooking on. (gas).
- 'gasket**, n. Ring or cover of rubber etc. for piston, pipe joint etc.; small cord for keeping rolled sail in position. ('gaskɪt).
- 'gas(olene)**, [Am.] n. PETROL. *Step on the gas*, [Hum.] make automobile go quicker. ('gas(ou)lin).
- gasp**, v.i., n. Take quick, short breath(s) as when tired after running. *At one's last g.*, near one's end. **'-er**, n. Sp., [Hum.] cheap cigarette. (ga:sp).
- 'gastric**, a. Of the stomach. **gas'tritis**, n. Disease of stomach walls. ('gastrɪk).
- gate**, n. Door, doorway, in wall round garden, town etc.; number making payment to see football etc. **'-crasher**, n. One who comes to dance etc. without being requested. **'-way**, n. Opening with gate. (geɪt).
- 'gather**, v.t. & i. Get, come, together; RICK (flowers etc.); make (cloth) come together in folds; FASTER; get the idea (*that*). *G. oneself together*, get ready for acting, thought; *g. way*, (of ship) make a start. **'-ing**, n. Sp., meeting, group; poisoned place which gathers. **'-s**, n. pl. Gathered part of dress. ('gædə).
- gauche**, [F.] a. Unpolished, not expert in company. (gouʃ).
- gaud**, n. Cheap ornament, jewel. **'-y**, a. Over-bright. (gəʊd).
- gauge**, i. n. Fixed measure; size; distance between rails on railway; sorts of instrument for measuring, testing (as *rain-g.*); measure of value, test. 2. v.t. Get the measure of; get opinion formed of (person's qualities, etc.). (geɪdʒ).
- Gaul**, n. Person of early Gaul. **'-ish**, n., a. (Language) of the Gauls. (gəʊl).
- gaunt**, n. Thin, ill-looking. (gəʊnt).



GAS-MASK

GENERAL

- 'gauntlet**, n. [Hist.] Metal military glove; long, strong glove. *Run the g.*, go between 2 lines of men who give blows as punishment; *throw down (take up) the g.*, make (take) offer of fight. ('gɔ:ntlɪt).
- gauze**, n. Very thin net-like material of silk, wire etc. (gə:z).
- gave**. See GIVE.
- 'gavel**, [Am.] n. Small hammer used by person controlling meeting etc. to get attention. ('gavl).
- ga'votte**, n. (Music for) old F. dance. (gə'vɒt).
- 'gawky**, a. (Of person) AWKWARD. ('gɔ:ki).
- gay**, a. Bright, happy, laughing; brightly coloured. **'gaiety**, n. (geɪ).
- gaze**, v.i., n. (Take) a long look (*at*). (geɪz).
- ga'zelle**, n. Small ANTELOPE. (gə'zel).
- ga'zette**, n. Special newspaper listing changes in government positions, etc.
- gazet'teer**, n. Guide to position of places on map. (gə'zet).
- gear**, i. n. Apparatus necessary for some purpose; toothed wheels etc. working together in machine, sp., making connection between engine and wheels of automobile. *In (out) of g.*, with parts of g. (not) making connection. 2. v.t. & i. Put g. in (machine); put (automobile) in g. (gɪə).
- 'gee-gee**, n. Baby's word for horse. ('dʒɪdʒɪ:).
- geese**. See GOOSE.
- Ge'henna**, n. HELL. (gi'hena).
- 'geisha**, n. Woman in Japan who makes a living by dancing, playing music, etc. ('geɪʃə).
- 'gelatin(e)**, n. Clear substance without taste got by boiling bones, skin etc., used in making jelly. **ge'latinous** (dʒɪ'latɪnəs), a. Jelly-like; of gelatine. ('dʒelətɪn).
- geld**, v.t. CASTRATE. **'-ing**, n. Gelded horse. (geld).
- gem**, i. n. Jewel-stone; very beautiful, valued thing. 2. v.t. Make ornamented (as) with jewels. (dʒem).
- 'gender**, [Lang.] n. Any of 3 word-groups representative of the 2 sexes (*masculine g.*, *feminine g.*) or of no sex (*neuter g.*); system of gg. ('dʒendə).
- gene'alogy**, n. Family tree; science of making family trees; account of plant's or animal's development from earlier forms. (dʒɪni'ælədʒɪ).
- 'genera**. See GENUS.
- 'general**, i. a. Of, to do with, (almost) all, common; in outline, not detailed. *G. practitioner*, medical man who does not keep to special field; *g. servant*, one who does cooking and housework; *in g.*, from a g. point of view. 2. n. Man with highest position but one in army. *Good (bad) g.*, sp., person good (bad) at STRATEGY.

GENERATE

-issimo. n. General etc. controlling military and sea forces or more than one army. **gene'rality**, n. Quality of having wide range or not being detailed; general rule or statement; the greater number or part (*of*). **-ize**, v.t. & i. Put into form of general law; make wide, general statement(s); put into general use. **-ly**, adv. In a general sense; at most times, commonly. ('dʒenərəl).

'generate, v.t. Give existence to, be cause of (plant or animal, heat, light etc., feeling etc.). **gene'ration**, n. Sp., step in family tree; all whose birth takes place about the same time; time covered by development of one g., about 30 years. **'generative**, a. Of producing young. **'generator**, n. Sp., apparatus for producing electric current, steam etc. ('dʒenəreɪt).

ge'neric, a. Of a **GENUS**; common to a group; general, not special. (dʒi'nerik).

'generous, a. Giving freely, kind; with high qualities of mind, feeling, great in amount. **gene'rosity**, n. ('dʒenərəs).

'genesis, n. Starting-point, way of being formed, produced. **ge'netic** (dʒi'netik), a. **ge'netics**, n. pl. Science of the producing of young. ('dʒenɪsɪs).

'genial, a. (Of weather conditions) warm, helping growth; warm-hearted, taking pleasure in company. ('dʒɪniəl).

'genie (genii), [E. Fict.] n. Being with strange powers. ('dʒɪni ('dʒɪniəl)).

'genital, a. To do with the producing of young. **-s**, n. pl. Outside sex parts, sp. male. ('dʒenɪtɪl).

'genitive, [Lang.] n., a. (Name of word-form) used as sign of owner, starting-point etc. ('dʒenɪtɪv).

'genius, n. (Person having) specially great powers of mind, power to do something very well; general feeling, taste (of nation etc.). *One's evil (good) g.*, person, power, having bad (good) effect on one. ('dʒɪniəs).

gen'teel, a. Taking over-great care that one's behaviour in society is right, putting on airs. **gen'tility**, n. (dʒen'tɪl).

'gentian, n. Sorts of mountain flower, gen. blue. ('dʒenʃən).

'Gentile, n., a. (Person) not of the Jewish nation. ('dʒenʃaɪl).

'gentle, a. Quiet, kind, soft; of good birth. *G. slope*, one which is not sharp. **-folk(s)**, n. pl. Persons of good birth. **-man**, n. Man of good birth, position, education; man with delicate feelings, good taste, pleasing behaviour. *G. in-waiting*, one with special position in ruler's house. **-manly**, a. Like, right for, a gentleman. **-woman**, n. Woman of good birth, position, education ('dʒenʃl).

gentry, n. Persons of good birth but without titles. ('dʒentrɪ)

GERUND

'genuflect, v.i. Make the knees bent as sign of respect, sp. in church. **genu'flexion**, n. ('dʒenju'fleksɪn).

'genuine, a. True, being what it seems or is said to be. ('dʒenjuɪn).

'genus (genera), [Sc.] n. Division of family in grouping of animals and plants; sort, group. ('dʒɪ:nəs ('dʒenərə)).

geo'centric, [Sc.] a. Measured, viewed, from earth's middle point; looking on earth as middle point. (dʒi:'ou'sentrik).

ge'ography, n. Science of earth's form, structure, weather conditions, divisions etc.; position, relation of parts, of place. (dʒi'ɒgrəfi).

ge'ology, n. Science of earth's history as recorded in beds of stone etc.; facts of place forming material of g. **geo'logical**, a. **ge'ologize**, v.i. Make geological observations. (dʒi'ɒlədʒi).

ge'ometry, n. Science of the properties and relations of lines, planes, and solids in space. **geo'metric(al)**, a. *G. progression*, one in which every step is the same number of times greater or smaller than the one before it (2, 4, 8, 16 ...). (dʒi'ɒmitri).

geor'gette, n. Thin silk material. (dʒɔ:'dʒet).

ge'ranium, n. Woodland and garden plant with gen. blue flowers; sorts of garden plant with red, white etc. flowers. (dʒi'reɪniəm).

germ, n. Part of living thing able to become new one; living thing in earliest stage; very small living unit, sp., causing disease; starting-point, first stage (of idea etc.). **-icide**, n. a. (Substance) causing destruction of disease germs. **-inal**, a. Of germs; in earliest stage. **-inate**, v.t. & i. (Make) undergo growth from seed etc. (dʒə:'mɪn).

'German, a. Only brother, sister, cousin, g., full brother etc. as opp half-brother etc. ('dʒə:mən).

'German, n., a. (Person, language) of Germany.

ger'mane, a. To the point, having relation (to question). (dʒə:'meɪn).

'gerrymander, v.t., n. Be controlling (selection of political representative etc.) to give one group more power than is right. ('gerɪmændə).

'gerund, [Lang.] n. NOUN-FORM of v. (in Eng ending with -ing). **ge'rundive**, a. Of, like, a gerund. ('dʒerəndɪ)



SORTS OF GERANIUM

GESTATION

ges'tation, n. Time or process of development of young in mother's body. (dʒes'teɪʃən).

ges'ticulate, v.i. & t. Make motions of the hands etc. when, or in place of, talking. (dʒes'tɪkjuleɪt).

'gesture, n. Motion of hand, head, as sign; act done to make clear feeling, opinion. ('dʒestʃə).

get (got), v.t. & i. (Make) go, come, (in, to etc.) sp., after some trouble; (make) become; become the owner of, come into condition of having, be given; **FETCH**; *see (point, sense etc. of something)*. *G. about*, sp., (of news etc.) become common knowledge; *g. across*, have desired effect on public etc.; *g. along (with)*, (of persons) g. on (with); *g. a move on*, be quick; *g. al*, sp., **BRIBE**, g. round; *g. away with it etc.*, do, say, without punishment etc., something which rightly would get it; *g. (verse etc.) by heart*, g. the words of it into one's memory; *g. off*, sp., be let off (punishment etc.); *g. on*, sp., go forward (with); do well; have good relations (with); *g. one's own back*, get even with; *g. out of*, sp., g. let off, not do; *g. over*, sp., overcome (troubles etc.); get better after (disease); *g. person to*, g. round person, sp., g. him to do what is desired; *g. through*, sp., g. approval in (test); *getting on for*, almost; *g. to (love, know etc.)*, g. into condition of (loving etc.); *g. up*, sp., g. on one's feet; g. out of bed; (of wind, sea) g. violent; g. (play etc.) ready; g. (person) dressed up (as); put (goods) in boxes etc. in way to make pleasing for market; *g. up steam*, make enough steam for working engine. **g.-at-able**, a. Able to be got at. **'g.-up**, n. Way person is dressed, way thing is got up. (get (got)).

'gew-gaw, n. Bright, cheap plaything or ornament. ('gju:ɡɔ:).

'geyser, n. Spring sending warm water up into air from time to time; gas apparatus over bath etc. for heating water. ('gi:zə).

'ghastly, a. Shocking, causing fear; death-like, white; [Hum.] very bad. ('ga:stli).

'gherkin, n. Young or small CUCUMBER for salting etc. ('gə:kin).

'ghetto, n. Part kept as living-place of Jews in certain towns. ('getəu).

ghost, n. Dead person seen as if living, shade; person writing etc. for another who takes credit. *G. of a chance etc.*, a very small chance; *give up the g.*, come to one's end; *Holy G.*, third person of TRINITY. **-ly**, a. Sp., of religion, of the SOUL. (ɡəʊst).

ghoul, [E. Fict.] n. Unnatural being living on dead bodies. (ɡu:l).

'giant, i. n. [Fict.] Being with man's form but of much greater size; very tall person, animal, plant. 2. a. Of very great size. ('dʒaɪənt).

GINGERLY

'gibber, v.i., n. Be talking quickly, not clearly, make noises like monkey. **-ish**, n. Gibbered sounds, talk without clear sense. ('dʒɪbə).

'gibbet, i. n. Structure for hanging bodies of wrongdoers on after putting them to death. 2. v.t. Put to death by hanging; put up on a g.; make shamed publicly. ('dʒɪbɪt).

'gibbon, n. Sorts of APE. ('gɪbən).

gibe, v.i. & t., n. (Say) unkind words making sport of (freq. *g. at*). (dʒaɪb).

'giblets, n. pl. Heart etc. of fowl taken from it before cooking. ('dʒɪblɪts).

'giddy, a. Causing, having, feeling that everything is going round; pleasure-loving, not serious. ('gɪdi).

gift, n. Thing given; [Law] giving of property without payment; natural power of mind, of doing something. **-ed**, a. Having gifts of mind. (ɡɪft).

gig, n. Small 2-wheeled one-horse carriage; ship's small boat. (ɡɪɡ).

gi'gantic, a. Of very great size. (dʒaɪ'ɡanɪk).

'giggle, n., v.i. Small foolish laugh. ('ɡɪɡl).

'gigolo, n. Man taking woman about, dancing with her, for payment. ('dʒɪɡələu).

gild, v.t. Put gold (colour) on. *G. the pill* make unpleasant thing seem pleasing **-ed**, a. Sp., *g. youth*, well-off young men. **-ing**, n. Sp., gilt. **gilt**, i. a. Gilded. 2. n. Material for gilding. *G.-edged securities etc.*, very safe ones. (ɡɪld).

gill, n. Breathing-part of fish or other water-breathing animal; fat part under ears and chin. (ɡɪl).

gill, n. Unit of liquid measure, 1/4 pint. (dʒɪl).

'gillie, n. (In Scotland) sportsman's manservant. ('ɡɪli).

'gimcrack, a., n. Cheap, badly made (thing, ornament). ('dʒɪmkɹæk).

'gimlet, n. Screw-like instrument for making holes in wood. ('ɡɪmlɪt).

gin, n. Sort of alcohol, without colour, used as drink. (dʒɪn).

gin, i. n. Apparatus shut by spring, etc. for getting animals; sorts of lifting-apparatus; machine for separating cotton from seeds. 2. v.t. Get separate with g. **'ginger**, i. n. (Plant having) root with burning taste used medicinally, in cooking etc.; light red-yellow colour. *G. beer*, *g. pop* [Com.], sort of drink with g. in it. 2. v.t. Put g. in. *G. person up*, get him to do thing quicker, with more force etc. **-bread**, n. Sort of cake with ginger in it. **-nut**, n. Hard ginger biscuit. ('dʒɪndʒə).

'gingerly, adv., a. Using, with, great care, to keep from damaging etc. ('dʒɪndʒəli).



GILLS OF FISH

GINGHAM

'gingham, n. Printed cotton or linen cloth. ('gɪŋəm).
'gipsy, n. One of dark-skinned RACE moving from place to place. ('dʒɪpsi).
gi'raffe, n. Animal with dark marks on yellow skin, having very long neck and legs. (dʒi'ra:f).
gird, v.i. G. *at*, GIBE. (gə:d).
gird (girded or girt), [Let.] v.t. Put band round (person) sp., to keep clothing on; put, keep, (blade, clothing etc.) *on* by girding. G. *up one's loins*, make oneself ready to do something.
'girdler, n. Long support of metal or wood for floor, bridge etc. (gə:də).
'girdle, n., v.t. Cord, band, for middle of body; thing which goes round another, like a g. (gə:dl).
'girdle, n. GRIDDLE.
girl, n. Young female at stage between baby and woman; daughter; young female servant. G. *Guides*, girls' organization parallel to Boy Scouts. (gɜ:l).
girt. See GIRD.
girth, i. n. Band of SADDLE; measure round of person, tree etc. 2. v.t. Put g. round (horse). (gɜ:θ).
gist, n. Chief point, general sense, of statement etc. (dʒɪst).
give (gave, given), i. v.t. & i. Make person owner of without payment; let or make (person) have, be handing; make exchange of (thing, money *for*); be offering (chance etc.); be cause, producer, of (pleasure, trouble etc.); used with some names of acts as sign of doing (g. *a jump* etc.); be readily forced out of normal form, stretched. G. *a hand*, give help; g. *a party*, have one for friends etc.; g. *away*, sp., let out (secret); be false to (friend); g. *ear*, be hearing with attention; g. *in*, not go on fighting, attempting, let oneself be overcome; g. *in charge*, g. (person) to police; put in care (of); *given that*, basing one's statement on the view that (thing) is true; *given to*, sp., with tendency to, with love of; g. *out*, make public; send out; be so tired as to be unable to go on; be all used up; g. *over*, [Hum.] come to a stop (in doing); g. *place to*, have place taken by; g. *up*, g. in; not go on with (work etc.); let another have; g. (up) *on*, (of doors etc.) be opening on; g. *way*, (of army etc.) be forced back; g. in; (of structure) come down; g. *place to*, 2. n. Quality of being elastic, able to g. -n, a. Certain, special, fixed. (gɪv (geɪv)).
gizzard, n. Bird's second stomach for crushing food. ('gɪzəd).
glace, [F.] a. (Of leather etc.) smooth, polished; (of fruit) sugared. ('glaseɪ).
'glacial, a. Of ice. G. *epoch*, *era*, time when ice on N. part of earth came much farther S. than now. ('gleɪsɪəl).

GLIB

'glacier, m. Slowly moving ice mass formed by snow massing on high land. ('glasɪə).
glad, a. Pleased, happy. *The g. eye*, [Hum.] look as one desiring to make love.
-some, [Let.] a. Making glad. (glad).
glade, n. Clear space in wood. (gleɪd).
gladiator, n. Trained Rom. fighter taking part in sports. ('gladiɪtə).
gladi'olus (-es, gladioli), n. Plant with blade-like leaves and tall bright flowers. (gladi'ouləs).
'gladstone, n., a. G. (*bag*), soft leather bag for journeys. ('gladstən).
'glamour, n. Strange, strong attraction; quality of being movingly beautiful. (gləmə).
glance, i. v.i. & t. Give quick look (*at* etc.); (of sharp instrument) go slipping off after touching; (of light) come suddenly for short time. 2. n. Quick look; quick sideways motion, blow. (gləns).
gland, n. Any of certain parts in animal or plant bodies forming substances for body to make use of or send out from itself. -**ular**, a. Of, like, a gland. (glænd).
'glanders, n. Disease of horses causing SWELLINGS under mouth-bones. ('glændəz).
glare, v.i., n. (Give out) bright, strong light; (give) angry look. **'glaring**, a. Sp., (of error, bad quality) readily seen. (glɛə).
glass, n., a. Hard, bright, clear, readily broken substance; g. drinking-vessel; vessels etc. of g.; looking-g.; instrument for seeing things at a distance; weather-g.; bit of g. for some purpose. Gg., sp., eye-gg. **'g-blower**, n. Person who gives form to glass by blowing. **'g-house**, n. Glass plant-house. -**y**, a. Sp., (of eye) fixed. (glɑ:s).
glaze, i. v.t. & i. Put glass in (window, frame etc.); put coat of glass-like substance on (pot etc.); (of eye) get thin skin over. 2. n. Substance for, effect got by, glazing pots etc. **'glazier**, n. One whose trade is glazing windows. (gleɪz).
gleam, v.i., n. (Give out) light which is soft or quickly goes; small sign (of humour, hope etc.). (glɪm).
glean, v.t. & i. Take up (grain dropped in field) after the cutting; get together (facts, news etc.) bit by bit. -**ings**, n. pl. What has been gleaned. (glɪn).
glebe, n. Land going to PRIEST with church position. (gli:b).
glee, n. Feeling of pleasure, amusement; song for 3 or more voices, one to every part. (gli:).
glen, n. Narrow stretch of low land between mountains. (glɛn).
glen'garry, n. Scot. head-dress. (glɛn-'gari).
glib, a. (Of talker, talk) over-smooth, over-ready. (gli:b).

GLIDE

glide, v.i. & t., n. Go with smooth motion; go softly; go from one thing to another without clear line of division. -**r**, n. Sp., airplane without engine. (glaid).
'glimmer, v.i., n. (Give out) feeble, uncertain light. ('glɪmə).
glimpse, v.t., n. (Get) short, not very clear view of. (glɪmps).
glint, v.i. & t., n. GLITTER; g. with (light). (glɪnt).
glis'sade, v.i., n. Come slipping down ice slope. (gli'sa:d).
'glisten, v.i., n. (Be bright with) points of light as from raindrop in sun. ('glɪsn).
'glitter, v.i., n. (Be bright with) dancing points of light on polished face. ('glɪtə).
'gloaming, n. Half-light at nightfall. ('gloumɪŋ).
gloat, v.i. Take great pleasure in the thought of something, sp. the unhappy condition of another. (glout).
globe, n. Thing of ball form; g. with map of earth on it; glass g. as light shade. *The g.*, the earth. **'g-trotter**, n. Person journeying quickly through different countries to see things of interest.
'globular ('glɒbjʊlə), a. Of globe form; formed of globules. **'globule**, n. Any small globe, drop. (gloub).
gloom, i. n. Dark condition; unhappy feeling, without hope. 2. v.i. & t. Be, make, full of g. (glum).
'glory, i. n. A great name, the respect and approval given for great doings; thing giving right to g.; loving respect offered to God; quality of being very beautiful, of great value. *Go to g.*, come to one's death. 2. v.i. G. *in*, take great pleasure in, be pleased with oneself because of.
'glorify, v.t. Give glory to; make beautiful. **'glorious**, a. Having or causing glory; very beautiful, first-rate. *A g. muddle* etc., [Com.] a very great one. **'g-hole**, [Hum.] n. Room, drawer, into which things are pushed without any order. ('glɔ:ri).
gloss, v.t. (Give) a polish not going very deep. G. *a thing over*, make it seem right when it is not. (glɒs).
gloss, i. n. Word, note, making clear sense of word(s) in bit of writing. 2. v.t. & i. Put gg. in (book etc.). -**ary**, n. List giving senses of special words used.
'glottis, n. Opening at top of windpipe between voice cords. ('glɒtɪs).
glove, i. n. Cover of leather etc. for hand, sp., that used in BOXING. *Hand in g. with*, working with, in agreement with; *throw down (take up) the g.*, make (take) offer of a fight. 2. v.t. Put gg. on. -**r**, n. Glove-maker. (glav).
ow, v.i., n. (Give out) light and heat without flame; (have) a warm colour; be feeling healthily warm. G. *with (feeling)*, be moved by. **'g-worm**, n.

GO

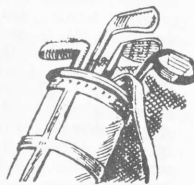
Insect of which the female gives out green light at tail. (glou).
'glower, v.i. Give angry look (*at*). ('gləuə).
'glucose, n. Fruit-sugar. ('glu:kouz).
glue, i. n. Sticky substance used for joining wood etc. 2. v.t. Get fixed (as) with g. (glu:).
glum, a. Unhappy, bad-humoured. (gləm).
glut, i. v.t. Give, send, overmuch to; make over-full sp. of food. 2. n. Overmuch. (glat).
'glutinous, a. Sticky. ('glu:tɪnəs).
'glutton, n. One taking overmuch food.
-ous, a. Of, given to, gluttony. -**y**, n. Behaviour of a glutton. ('glatn).
'glycerin(e), n. Thick, sweet liquid without colour, got from oils and used sp. medically. ('glɪsərɪn).
gnarled, a. (Of tree-stem etc.) rough, twisted. (na:ld).
gnash, v.i. & t. (Of teeth) come together sharply; make (*teeth*) g. (naʃ).
gnat, n. Small, biting fly. (nat).
gnaw, v.t. & i. Go on biting at; (of pain etc.) be troubling for long time. (nɔ:).
gnome, [Fict.] n. FAIRY living under the earth. (nəʊm).
gnu, n. An African ANTELOPE. (nju:).
go (went, gone), i. v.i. Get oneself moved from one place to another; (of time etc.) be moving, come to an end; (of machines) be (in) working (order); be stretching (*from, to*, etc.); become, get; (of money) be used (*on*); be normally kept (in some place); give way, be broken; (of bell etc.) make sound; have development, take place, be done, (in certain way). *Be going to*, sp., have as one's purpose to, be about to; g. *about (something)*, take steps to do; g. *after*, g. looking for, attempting to get up to; g. *armed* etc., be armed etc., sp., generally; g. *back on one's word* etc., not keep it; g. *by*, sp., be worked by; be guided by; g. *by the name of*, have the name of; g. *down*, sp., (of ship) SINK; (of wind, waves) become quiet; get approval; g. *for*, sp., get (certain price); make an attack on; g. *for nothing*, sp., have no effect; g. *halves (shares)*, (of 2, more than 2, persons) make division of thing between them; g. *in for*, sp., take part in (competition); take up (work etc.); *going*, which may be had, in existence; doing well; g. *into*, have a look into (question, details); *gone on*, sp., [Hum.] in love with; g. *off*, sp., become less good; (of gunpowder etc.) make a burst with loud noise; g. *off (badly) well*, (not) be as, have outcome, desired; g. *on doing*, sp., keep on doing; g. *out*, sp., (of fire, light) become no longer burning; g. *over, through*, sp., g. into every part of (works) etc.; have a look at (book etc.) from start to end; g. *round*, sp., be enough for all; g.

GOAD

through, sp., undergo; *g. through with*, do to the end; *g. to law*, get law process started against person; *g. to pieces*, become broken in mind or body; *g. to seed*, get to stage when seeds are ready; become old and feeble; *g. to war*, (of country) get into war; *g. (up)on*, sp., be judging by; *g. with*, (sp., of colours) be in harmony with; *g. without*, put up with not having; *g. without saying*, (of fact) not be doubted. 2. n. ENERGY of mind. *Have a g. (at)*, make an attempt (at); *it's no g.*, it will not do, it's not possible; *on the g.*, doing, moving, all the time. *'g.-ahead*, a. ENTERPRISING. *'g.-between*, n. One doing business between persons for them. *'g.-by*, n. *Give a person the g.*, get away from him. *'g.-cart*, n. Seat-like carriage for baby. *'g.-getter*, n. Go-ahead person in business. *'-ing*, n. Sp., condition of road, etc. for walking. *'-ings-on*, [Hum.] n. pl. Behaviour, doings. (gou (went, gon)). *goad*, 1. n. Pointed stick for driving animals; thing driving person on to do, sp., by wounding feelings. 2. v.t. Be driving, wounding, (as) with *g.* (goud). *goal*, n. Point marking end of running competition; place one is going to, purpose in view; (in football, etc.) uprights between which ball has to be sent; point so made. *'g.-keeper*, n. Player placed at goal to keep ball out. (goul). *goat*, n. Horned animal, freq. with long hair on chin. *'-herd*, n. Goat-keeper. *'-ee*, n. Growth of hair on chin only, like goat's. (gout). *'gobble*, v.t. & i. Take (food) quickly and with noise; (of male TURKEY) make noise in throat. (gobl). *'goblet*, n. Old drinking-vessel; glass with foot and stem. (goblit). *'goblin*, [Fict.] n. Strange-looking little FAIRY full of tricks. (goblin). *god*, n. Higher being respected as having power over (certain) things on earth; form of a *g.* cut in wood, stone etc., used in religion; (God) the Highest Being, maker and ruler of all things. *The gg.*, sp., (those in) highest and cheapest seats in theatre. *'-child*, *'-daughter*, *'-son*, nn. Male or female to whom person is *g.*-parent. *'-dess*, n. *'-father*, *'-mother*, *'-parent*, nn. Man or woman undertaking at BAPTISM of baby to be responsible for its training as Christian. *'g.-fearing*, a. Guided by religion, good-living. *'g.-forsaken*, a. (Of places) without comfort or attraction; unhappy. *'-head*, n. Quality of being God or a god. *'-less*, a. Sp., without belief in God, bad. *'-ly*, a. Sp., god-fearing, with deep feeling for religion. *'-send*, n. (Thing coming to one by) happy chance, a great help. (god).

GOOD

'godown, n. Storehouse for goods in E. ('goudaun). *'goff(er)*, v.t. Make narrow waves, folds, in (material) with heated irons. ('goufa). *'goggle*, 1. v.i. & t. Be rolling eyes foolishly; (of eyes) be rolling, or very widely open. 2. a. (Of eyes) goggling. *'-s*, n. pl. Eye-glasses, sp., for keeping out dust. ('gogl). *'goitre*, n. (Disease causing) unnatural increase in size of THYROID GLAND at front of neck. ('goita). *gold*, n., a. Bright yellow metal of great value used for ornaments and money; *g.* money, money generally; colour of *g.* *'g.-digger*, n. One looking for gold in earth; woman attempting to get money out of men. *'g.-dust*, n. Gold in very small grains. *'-en*, a. Of, like, gold; of great value, very good. *G. age*, earliest, happiest stage of man's history; time of flowering in art and letters; *g. mean*, the right amount, not more or less; *g. syrup*, sticky, light yellow liquid got from sugar plant; *g. wedding*, 50th ANNIVERSARY of day on which persons were married. *'-en-rod*, n. Plant with rod-like stem and long head of bright yellow flowers. *'g.-field*, n. Stretch of country where there is gold. *'-finch*, n. Song-bird with yellow on wings. *'-fish*, n. Small red-gold Chinese fish. *'g.-foil*, n. Gold hammered into thin plate. *'g.-leaf*, n. Much thinner form of gold-foil. *'g.-rush*, n. Sudden going of great number to new gold-field. *'-smith*, n. Worker in gold. (gould). *golf*, n., v.i. Sport played with small hard ball and special sticks over stretch of country having 9 or 18 small holes into which ball has to be sent. *'g.-club*, n. Stick for golf. *'g.-course*, n. Stretch of country used for golf. (golf). *'golliwog*, n. Plaything in form of black man with hair like stiff brush. ('goliwog). *go'losh*, n. GALOSH. (gə'lɒʃ). *gondola*, n. Long narrow boat with turned-up ends used in Venice; carriage part of airship. *gondo'lier*, n. Gondola boatman. ('gondola). *gone*. See *go*. *gong*, n. Metal plate producing long, deep sound when given blows with soft-headed hammer. (gon). *good* (better, best), 1. a. Opp. bad; pleasing; kind; enough to have full effect (*a g. laugh*). *A g. 50, pound* etc., at least 50 etc.; *as g. as*, sp., almost, equal to; *g. for*, having *g.* effect on; able to make payment of, or give; *g. gracious!*, words



GOLF CLUBS IN BAG

GOOSE

of surprise; *g. morning* etc., said at meeting or parting; *g. night*, said at parting late in day; *g. nature*, quality of being kind, good-humoured; *g. sense*, common sense; *in g. time* (for), early (for); *no g.*, of no use. 2. n. What is *g.*; a *g.* thing; use, profit, well-being. *Gg.*, property; things made for trade; *do* (person) *g.*, make him happier, healthier, better; *for g.*, for ever; *to the g.*, on the profit side. *'g.-bye*, int., n. Word said at parting. *'g.-fellowship*, n. Happy feeling of being friends. *'g.-for-nothing*, n., a. (Person who is) of no use. *'g.-looking*, a. Pleasing to the eye. *'-ly*, a. Good-looking; of great size. *'g.-natured*, a. Having, marked by, good nature. *'-ness*, 1. n., 2. int. Word of surprise. *'-will*, n. Kind feeling; trading connections looked on as part of value of business. *'-y*, n. A sweet. *'-y-goody*, n., a. (Person) with air of being very good, readily shocked. (gud ('bətə, best)). *goose* (geese), n. Water-bird of greater size than fowl, sp. sort kept for table; female of *g.*; foolish person; dressmaker's iron. *Cook a person's g.*, put an end to his hopes, designs. *'g.-flesh*, *'g.-skin*, nn. Rough condition of skin caused by fear or cold. *'g.-step*, [Mil.] n. Way of walking in which legs are kept stiff and feet lifted high. (gu:s (gi:s)). *'gooseberry*, n. Sorts of tree-like plant producing green, yellow, or red berries with hairs; its fruit. *Play g.*, be with two lovers as undesired third. ('guzbəri). *'gopher*, n. GOF(F)ER. ('goufa). *'gopher*, n. Rat-like N. Am. animal. *'Gordian knot*, n. Only cut etc. *the G.*, get over some hard point by force, not by working it out. ('gɔ:diən not). *gore*, n. Blood from wound(s) which has become thick. (go:). *gore*, 1. n. Bit of material wider at lower edge than at top, forming part of skirt etc. 2. v.t. Make with *g* (g). *gore*, v.t. (Of cow etc.) make wound in with horn(s). *gorge*, 1. n. Inside of throat; a gorging of food; narrow opening between mountains. *One's g. rises at*, one is disgusted by. 2. v.i. & t. Take over-great amount of food; make over-full (*with*). (gɔ:dʒ). *'gorgeous*, a. Brightly coloured, much ornamented, overpoweringly beautiful. ('gɔ:dʒəs). *'gorget*, n. Metal throat cover forming part of old fighting-dress. ('gɔ:dʒit). *go'rilla*, n. Great man-like monkey without tail. (gə'rila). *'gormandize*, v.i. Take overmuch food as a pleasure. ('gɔ:məndaiz). *gorse*, n. FURZE. (gɔ:s). *'gosling*, n. Young GOOSE. ('gɔ:zliŋ). *'gospel*, n. The teachings of Christ, Christ-

GRACE

ian belief; any of the 4 records of Christ's doings given in BIBLE; idea etc. which one has complete belief in and is interested in teaching. *G. truth*, sp., something completely true. *'-ler*, n. Reader of part of gospel in church. ('gɔspəl). *'gossamer*, n., a. (Thread of) thin substance made by small SPIDERS; any very thin, delicate material. ('gɔsəmə). *'gossip*, 1. n. (One given to) talking about private business of others; talk about small things as between friends. 2. v.i. Be talking or writing *g.* ('gɔsɪp). *got*. See *GET*. *'Gothic*, a., n. (Of) way of building using pointed arches common in W. Europe between 1100 and 1500; sort of print used for German. ('gəθɪk). *'gouge*, 1. n. Instrument with curved blade for cutting hollows or holes in wood etc. 2. v.t. Get cut (as) with *g.*; get out (as) with *g.* (goudʒ). *'gourd*, n. (Hard-skinned fruit, with seeds in middle, of) plant such as MELON; dry *g.* skin used as vessel for water etc. (goud). *'gourmand*, n. Food-lover. ('guəmənd). *'gourmet*, n. Expert judge of good food, wines etc. ('guameɪ). *'gout*, n. Disease producing chalk-like substance in toes, fingers etc., and causing great pain. (gaut). *'govern*, v.t. & i. Be ruling, in control of; have controlling effect on; [Lang.] (of word) make necessary (certain form of other word). *'-ment*, n. Sp., system of governing; governing body of country; political group in power. *'-or*, n. Person ruling certain place, division of country, as representative of head government; person on governing body of organization; automatic instrument controlling amount of steam, gas etc. taken in by machine; [Hum.] father, boss. ('gavən). *'governess*, n. Woman teacher of young persons in private family. ('gavənɪs). *'gown*, n. Woman's dress; long, loose over-dress used by persons at university, judges etc. (gaun). *'grab*, 1. v.t. & i. Take with rough, sudden motion; take without thought for others. 2. n. Grabbing. (grab). *'grace*, 1. n. Quality of being beautiful, sp. harmony of structure or motion; ornament of mind etc., attraction; God's love working in and helping men; short PRAYER said before or after meals. *The Gg.*, [Gk. Fict.] 3 sister GODDESSES of *g.*; *act of g.*, thing given, not taken as a right; *days* etc. of *g.*, further time given for payment etc. after day fixed; *His (Your) G.*, form used in talking of, to, ARCHBISHOP, DUKE; *in a person's good gg.*, looked on with approval by him; *the rooth* etc. year of *g.*, the 100th etc. year after Christ's birth; *with a (bad) good g.*, (un)-

GRACIOUS

readily, (not) seeming pleased. 2. v.t. Be an ornament to; make ornamented (*with*).
 '-ful, a. Having grace of looks, motion.
 '-less, a. Without shame, bad. (greis).
 'gracious, a. Having pleasing way, kind sp. to those in lower position. ('greifəs).
 'gra'dation, n. (Step, degree in) development, order; change from one quality etc. to another without sharp division.
 'gra'date, v.t. & i. Put, be, in gradation. (grə'deifən).
 'grade, i. n. Degree in scale of position, value etc.; group of same g.; [Am.] slope. *On the up- (down-) g.*, getting better (worse). 2. v.t. Put in order in gg.; get mixed with other sorts so that g. is changed; make slope of (road etc.) less sharp, more regular. (greid).
 'gradient, n. Amount of slope in road. ('greident).
 'gradual, a. Taking place by degrees; (of slope) not sharp. ('gradjuəl).
 'graduate, i. v.t. & i. Get marked with degrees; put in order of degrees on scale; get university DEGREE; [Am.] get through school. 2. ('gradju:t), n. Person with DEGREE. ('gradju:it).
 'graft, n., v.i. Making of profits in ways against the law through having public position, etc. (gra:ft).
 'graft, i. n. Small bit of living branch planted in cut made in another tree; bit of living skin etc. put on other (part of) body. 2. v.t. & i. Put a g. in or on.
 'grail, n. Plate used by Christ the night before his death (gen. *the holy g.*). (greil).
 'grain, i. n. Seed of grass-plant; (seeds of) grass-plants used for food; small bit of sand etc.; smallest Eng. unit of weight; the structure of wood, meat etc.; natural lines marking wood. *Against the g.*, against one's feelings, desires; *take it with a g. of salt*, not give it complete belief. 2. v.i. & t. Get into gg.; give effect of wood g. to by painting. (grein).
 'grammar, n. Rules of the structure and use of a language, its word-order, word-forms, and sounds; first rules of a science or art. 'gram'marian, n. Grammar expert. 'g.-school, n. School started for teaching L. but now giving general education. 'gram'matical, a. Of, keeping rules of, grammar. ('gramə).
 'gram(me), n. METRIC unit of weight. (gram).
 'gramophone, n. Machine for producing sounds from records. ('graməfoun).
 'grampus, n. Sort of sea-animal blowing out water through opening in head. ('grampəs).
 'granary, n. Storehouse for grain. ('granəri).
 'grand, a. Great in scale, important-looking, beautiful; chief, most important; putting on important airs; [Com.] very

GRAPPLE

good. *G. Duke*, CZAR's son; *g. piano*, great, low piano with 3 legs (see PIANO); *g. stand*, chief seating-place for persons watching outside sports etc. '-child, '-daughter, '-son, nn. Daughter or son of one's son or daughter. '-eur, n. Quality of being grand. '-father, '-mother, '-parent, nn. Father or mother of one's mother or father. *Grandfather clock*, clock in tall wood box. (grand).
 'gran'dee, n. Great NOBLE of Spain, Portugal; man of high position. (gran'di:).
 'gran'diloquent, n. Using, marked by, unnecessarily important-sounding words. (gran'diloukwənt).
 'grandiose, a. (Beautiful) on a great scale; designed to be important-looking. ('grandious).
 'grange, n. Country-house with farm buildings. (greindʒ).
 'granite, n., a. Hard, gen. grey, stone. ('granit).
 'granny, n. Short form of GRANDMOTHER. ('grani).
 'grant, i. v.t. Give (thing requested); give in law; give agreement to as true in argument. *Take for granted*, be looking on as certain. 2. n. Granting; thing, sp., money, granted by law. (gra:nt).
 'granular, a. Of, like, grains. 'granule, n. Small grain. 'granulate, v.t. & i. Make into grains; make outside of rough. ('granjula).
 'grape, n. Green or red-blue berry from which wine is made. *Sour gg.*, a thing which one says has no value because one is unable to get it. 'g.-shot, n. Small iron balls of which a number are fired together from a gun. (greip).
 'grape-fruit, n. Sharp-tasting fruit like great orange. ('greipfru:t).
 'graph, n. Curve etc. on squared paper making clear relation between amounts of 2 different things. '-ic, a. Sp., of painting, line pictures etc.; of or for writing; (of account) giving clear, full picture. (graf).
 'graphite, n. Black substance used for pencils. ('grafait).
 'grapnel, n. Hooked instrument for gripping things, sp., a ship in sea-fight; small ANCHOR with more than 2 hooks. ('grapnəl).
 'grapple, i. v.t. & i. Get a grip of; be fighting (together) in tight grip. *G. with*,



GRAPES

GRASP

sp., make attempts to do or overcome (something hard). 2. n. Gripping instrument; fighter's grip; grappling fight. 'grappling-iron, n. GRAPNEL. ('grapl).
 'grasp, i. v.t. & i. Get a grip of with hands, arms; take in with the mind. *G. at*, sp., make violent attempt to get, take readily. 2. n. A grasping; grip; mind's power of grasping. '-ing, a. Attempting to get as much as possible for oneself. (grasp).
 'grass, i. n. (Any of) sorts of common plant with blade-like leaves, taken as food by animals; land with g. on it. 2. v.t. Make (field etc.) covered with g. *G. widow*, married woman who is by herself for a time. '-hopper, n. Jumping insect making high note by rubbing legs against wing-covers. (grais).
 'grate, n. Metal frame for supporting coal etc. in fireplace. (greit).
 'grate, v.t. & i. Get rubbed into small bits against something rough; make rough noise by rubbing against thing; have displeasing effect (on). '-r, n. Sp., metal grating instrument.
 'grateful, a. Having feeling of debt to person who has been kind to one; pleasing, comforting. ('greitfl).
 'gratify, v.t. Make pleased; give what is desired to (freq. *g. a desire*). ('gratifi).
 'grating, n. Framework of rods parallel to or going across one another, put over opening. ('greitɪŋ).
 'gratis, adv., a. Without payment. ('greitis).
 'gratitude, n. Being GRATEFUL. ('gratitju:d).
 'gratuitous, a. Given, done, without payment; unnecessary, done without good reason. (grə'tju:itəs).
 'gratu'ity, n. Small amount of money given to another's servant etc. for helping one. (grə'tju:iti).
 'gravamen, n. Chief point in statement against person, protest. (grə'veimən).
 'grave, n. Place in earth where dead body is put. '-stone, n. Stone with words in memory of dead person put at head of grave. '-yard, n. CEMETERY. (greiv).
 'grave (graved, graven or graven), v.t. Get cut on stone, metal.
 'grave, a. Serious.
 'gravel, i. n. Rough sand and small stones; [Med.] disease in which g.-like bits are formed in URINE. 2. v.t. Put g. over; put at a loss. ('gravi).
 'gravity, n. Quality of being serious; serious air; weight; (amount of) force of attraction of body to another body, sp. the earth. *Specific g.*, [Sc.] relation between weight of any substance and that of same VOLUME of water or air. 'gravitate, v.i. Go (*to*), go down, (as) by gravity. ('graviti).

GREET

'gravy, n. Liquid from cooking meat; dressing for meat made from g. 'g.-boat, n. Vessel for gravy. ('greivi).
 'gray, a., n. GREY. (grei).
 'grayling, n. Silver-grey river-fish. ('greilɪŋ).
 'graze, i. v.t. & i. Give soft touch or rub to while going past; get skin rubbed off by grazing. 2. n. Grazed place on body. (greiz).
 'graze, v.i. & t. (Of animals) take grass in field etc. as food; put animals in (field etc.) to g. 'grazier, n. One who grazes animals for market.
 'grease, i. n. Animal fat made soft by heating; material with much oil or fat in it. 2. v.t. Put g. on or in (sp. machine). *G. the palm of*, BRIBE. 'greasy, a. Sp., over-smooth in behaviour. (grais).
 'great, a. Taking up much space; of more than normal size, amount, degree; important, noted; chief; very good, having high qualities. *G. on*, [Com.] with a g. knowledge of. '-coat, n. Overcoat. 'g.-grandfather etc., n. One's father's or mother's GRANDFATHER etc. 'g.-grandson etc., n. One's son's or daughter's GRANDSON etc. '-ly, adv. Much. (greit).
 'greave, [Hist.] n. Metal part covering leg in fighting-dress. (gri:v).
 'grebe, n. Sort of water-bird. (gri:b).
 'Grecian, i. a. Of Greece. 2. n. One expert in old Gk. language. 'Greco- ('gri:kou-), Gk. (*G.-Roman*). ('gri:fən).
 'greed, n. Great desire for more sp., food than is necessary, right. (grid).
 'Greek, n., a. (Person, language) of Greece. *G. key*, design of parallel straight lines joined at right angles and forming band. (gri:k).
 'green, i. a. Of the colour produced when yellow and blue are mixed; (of fruit etc.) young, not ready; without experience; (of wood) not dry. *G. fly*, small g. insect damaging to plants. 2. n. G. colour; bit of grass-covered land, sp., for public use. *Gg.*, g. plants used for food. '-back, n. Bit of Am. paper money. '-ery, n. Green plants, leaves. '-finch, n. Bird with green and gold wings. '-gage, n. Soft green fruit with stone. '-grocer, n. Trader in fruit and garden produce. '-horn, n. Person with little experience, foolish. '-house, n. Glass house for delicate plants. 'g.-room, n. Actors' room in theatre. '-sward, n. Stretch of green grass. (grin).
 'greet, v.t. Say words of respect, interest etc. to, on meeting or in writing; (of thing, sound) come to eyes, ears of. *G. with* —, say —, do —, give signs of —, on meeting, hearing for first time. '-ing, n. Sp., words, signs, of greeting. (gri:t).

GREGARIOUS

gre'gari'ous, a. Living in groups, societies; with love of company. (gri'gearias).
gre'nade, n. Small SHELL sent by hand or from hand-gun. **gre'nadier**, n. [Hist.] Military man who sends grenades; man in certain Brit. REGIMENT (the Gg.). (gri'neid).
grew. See GROW.
grey, i. a. Of any of shades between black and white; clouded, not bright; g-haired. 2. n. G. colour; g. horse. **-beard**, n. Old man. **-hound**, n. Sort of dog noted for running powers. (grei).
grid, n. GRIDIRON; wire network in electric apparatus; system of overhead wires for distribution of electric current. (grid).
'griddle, n. Round iron plate for cooking cakes on over fire. ('gridl).
'gridiron, n. Framework with parallel rods used for cooking over or under fire; frame for supporting ship in process of building etc. ('gridaion).
grief, n. Deep or violent unhappy feeling; cause of g. *Come to g.*, come to a bad end, do badly. **'g-stricken**, a. Overcome by grief. **'grievance**, n. Thing (looked on as) giving reason for protest. **'grieve**, v.t. & i. (Make) have feeling of grief.
'grievous, a. Causing grief, pain; very bad, serious. (gri:f).
'griffin, [Fict.] n. Animal with head and wings of great bird and body of LION. ('grifn).
grill, i. n. GRIDIRON for cooking; food cooked on g.; g.-room; (freq. grille) opening in door with rods across it. 2. v.t. & i. Get cooked on g. **'g.-room**, n. (Room in) restaurant where one may get grills. (gril).
grim, a. (Looking) hard, cruel; causing great pain, shocking. (grim).
grim'ace, v.i., n. (Put on) look of pain, disgust, make a face. (gri'meis).
grime, n. Dust, dirty marks, sp. on skin. (graim).
grin, v.i. & n. (Give) wide, foolish smile. (grin).
grind (ground), i. v.t. & i. Get crushed, rubbed down, to powder, grains; make smooth, sharp, by rubbing on stone etc.; get (teeth etc.) rubbed together hard; be working hard (*at*); be playing (BARREL-ORGAN). 2. n. Hard, uninteresting work; a grinding. **-er**, n. Sp., grinding-machine; back tooth. **-stone**, n. Stone or wheel for grinding, polishing. *Keep person's nose to the g.*, make him keep on working hard. (graind (graund)).
grip, i. v.t. (Take and) keep tightly in the hand or with instrument etc. 2. n. (Power, way, of) gripping; part to be gripped; clear knowledge (*of*); control; [Am.] bag for journey. **-ping**, a. Sp., moving, interesting. (grip).
gripe, i. v.t. Get a grip of; give stomach-

GROUND

pains to. 2. n. A griping. Gg., violent stomach-pains. (grip).
'grisly, a. Causing, sp., unreasoning, fear. ('grizli).
grist, n. Grain for crushing. *Bring g. to the mill*, be of profit. (grist).
'gristle, n. CARTILAGE, sp. in meat. ('grisli).
grit, i. n. Small bits of sand etc.; quality of facing danger, troubles, well. 2. v.i. & t. Make sound of 2 hard things rubbing together; keep (teeth) tightly together. (grit).
'grizzly, i. a. Grey(-haired). 2. n. Sort of American BEAR (freq. g. bear). **'grizzled**, a. Grizzly. ('grizli).
groan, v.i. & t., n. (Make) deep, low, sound(s) (as) of pain; say with gg.; be weighted down (*under*). (groun).
groat, [Hist.] n. Small bit of silver money. (grou't).
groats, n. pl. (Crushed) grain from which outer cover has been taken. (grou'ts).
'grocer, n. Trader in sugar, tea, tinned food etc. **-y**, n. Grocer's trade, store, or (gen. gg.) goods. ('grouse).
grog, n. Drink of alcohol and water. **-gy**, a. Feeble in legs, shaking. (grog).
groin, i. n. Hollow between ABDOMEN and place where leg is joined to body; curve formed by 2 arches of roof cutting across one another. 2. v.t. Make gg. in. (groin).
groom, i. n. Servant having care of horses; BRIDEGROOM. 2. v.t. Get (horse) brushed, combed. **well-groomed**, a. With hair well brushed, well-dressed etc. (grum).

groove, i. n. Hollow line; fixed way of living, doing thing, which person has got into. 2. v.t. Make g. in. (gru:v).
grope, v.i. Be feeling about (*for, after*) (as) in the dark. (group).
gross, i. a. Over-fat; not delicate in taste, behaviour; (of error etc.) clearly bad; opp. NETT. 2. (pl. gross) n. 144. (grous).
gro'tesque, n., a. (Painting etc.) in which animals and persons are worked with plants into strange design; (thing) of strange, unnatural form. (grou'tesk).
'grotto, n. (Room in form of) beautiful CAVE. ('groutu).
grouch, [Am.] v.i., n. GROUSE. (grautf).
ground, i. n. Solid face of the earth; land; what is walked on; land for special purpose; face, space, on which design etc. is made; reason for saying, doing. Gg., sp., gardens, land round house; small bits of coffee etc. which go to base of vessel; *shift one's g.*, make a change in one's argument; *suit person down to the g.* be

GROUND

completely right for him. 2. v.t. & i. Get (belief etc.) based (*on*); give (person) good training (*in*); (of ship) get onto land. **-ing**, n. Sp., first training in something. **-less**, a. Without good reason.
'g-plan, n. Map of building at ground level. **'g-rent**, n. That given for ground used for building. **-sman**, n. Man looking after sports ground. **'g-swell**, n. Rough sea caused by bad weather far off or by earth shock. **-work**, n. Base, chief part, of a thing; ground in painting etc. (graund).
ground. See GRIND.
'groundsel, n. Common plant used as food for birds. ('graundsel).
group, i. n. Number of persons, things, near together or with common quality. 2. v.t. & i. Get, come, into (g). (gru:p).
'grouse (grouse), n. Sorts of bird with feathered feet. (grous).
'grouse, [Com.] v.i., n. (Give voice to) protest, bad humour, caused by feeling that wrong has been done to one.
grove, n. Small wood, group of trees. (grouv).
'grovel, v.i. Go down on one's face before someone greatly feared, make clear one's low opinion of oneself. ('groval).
grow (grew, grown), v.i. & t. Undergo development; become greater in size, degree; make (plant etc.) g.; become, get. *G. up*, sp., (of person, animal) come to full development; *idea etc. grows on one*, idea etc. gets greater attraction for one, becomes more deeply rooted. **-th**, n. Natural development; (amount of) increase in size, value etc.; what is growing; [Med.] diseased mass forming on or in body. (grou (gru)).
growl, v.i. & n. (Of dog etc.) (make) low, angry sound in throat. **-er**, n. Sp., 4-wheeled public carriage. (graul).
groyn, n. Structure of wood etc. to keep sand from being moved by sea. (gruin).
grub, i. v.i. & t. Get earth turned up; get up by roots; do hard, uninteresting work. 2. n. LARVA; dirty person; [Hum.] food. **-by**, a. Dirty. (grab).
grudge, i. v.t. Be unready, not pleased, to give (thing); g. thing to. 2. n. Bad feeling against person for causing one pain, trouble etc. *Bear, owe, person a g.*, have a g. against. **grudging**, a. Grudged. (gradz).
gruel, n. Liquid food made by boiling meal with milk, water. **-ling**, i. n. Hard punishment, a bad time. 2. a. Hard to undergo, making very tired. (gruəl).
'gruesome, a. Causing fear, disgust. ('gru:səm).
gruff, a. Rough, unpleasing, in voice, behaviour. (graf).
'grumble, i. n. Protest against one's

G(U)ILD

conditions etc.; low deep noise like thunder. 2. v.i. & t. Make (g); say in grumbling way. ('grambl).
'grumpy, a. Bad-humoured. ('grampi).
grunt, v.i. & t., n. (Make) low, deep noise in throat (as) of pigs. (grant).
'guano, n. Waste dropped by sea-birds, used to make land fertile. ('gwa:nou).
guaran'tee, i. n. Guaranty; person giving guaranty; person to whom guaranty is given. 2. v.t. Give g. for; undertake (*that*); make certain. **guaran'tor**, n. One giving guarantee. **'guaranty**, n. Undertaking to be responsible for some act of another; that which makes something certain, safe, sp., undertaking given in writing. (garən'ti).
guard, i. n. Watch against danger, attack (*keep g., on g.*, etc.); person(s), sp., military, keeping g.; position of body to keep off attack in fight; structure, apparatus, in machines etc. to keep persons from danger, damage; man responsible for train. *The Gg.*, certain REGIMENTS of Brit. Army. 2. v.t. & i. Keep watch on, keep safe; take steps (*against* danger). **-ed**, a. Sp., (of statement) made with care not to say overmuch. **-room**, n. Room for military guard or prisoners. **-sman**, n. Man in the Guards. (ga:d).
'guardian, n. One keeping safe, taking care of, something; [Law] one responsible for care of (property of) another. ('ga:diən).
'guava, n. (Tree with) acid fruit. ('gwa:və).
'gudgeon, n. Small river-fish. ('gadʒən).
'gudgeon, n. Rod or pin in machine on which other part may be turned.
'guelder rose, n. Plant with balls of small white flowers. ('gelda'rouz).
'guerdon, n. Reward. ('ga:dn).
guer'(r)illa, n., a. War in which attacks are made by small bands not forming part of regular army. (gə'rila).
guess, v.t. & i., n. (Come to) opinion, (make) statement, (*that*), on some point about which one has not enough knowledge to be certain. *I g.*, sp., [Am.] it seems to me. **'g-work**, n. Guessing. (ges).
guest, n. Person coming to one's house, given meal etc., as one's friend; one having food, room, at hotel etc. (gest).
guf'faw, v.i., n. (Give) loud laugh. (gə'fo:).
guide, i. n. One making clear the way; one pointing out things of interest on journey etc. for payment; thing pointing to, giving directions about, something; book giving details about place etc.; apparatus for keeping machine-part moving in certain direction. 2. v.t. Be acting as g. to. **'guidance**, n. Guiding, direction. (gaid).
g(u)ild, n. Society formed to give help to those in it or for some common purpose.

GUILDER

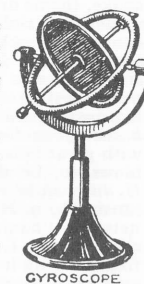
g.-hall, n. Meeting-place of town government. (gild).
'guilder, n. GULDEN. ('gilda).
guile, n. (Quality of) acting falsely, using tricks. (gail).
'guillotine, i. n. Machine for cutting off heads by weighted knife falling between 2 uprights; system of stopping discussion of BILL at fixed time. 2. v.t. Make use of g. on. ('giləti:n).
guilt, n. Condition of having done wrong, being responsible for wrongdoing. '-y, a. Having, giving signs of, guilt. (gilt).
'guinea, n. [Hist.] (Bit of gold money with value of) 21 shillings. ('gini).
'guinea-fowl, n. Grey and white bird, used for food. ('ginifaul).
'guinea-pig, n. Short-tailed, rat-like animal. ('ginipig).
guise, n. Way of seeming, look. (gaiz).
gui'tar, n. BANJO-like music instrument with 6 cords, played with the hand. (gi'ta:).
gulch, [Am.] n. Deep cut between mountains. (galf).
'gulden, n. Unit of Dutch money. ('gul-dən).
gulf, n. Narrow inlet of sea; deep hollow, cut, in earth; wide division separating (opinions etc.). (galf).
gull, n. Sorts of sea-bird. (gal).
gull, i. v.t. [Com.] Get the better of by tricks. 2. n. [Old] One readily gulled. '-ible, a. Over-ready with belief.
'guilet, n. Way for food between mouth and stomach; throat. ('galit).
'gully, n. Narrow cut made in earth by current of water; drain. ('gali).
gulp, v.t. & i. n. Take (food etc.) down quickly, in great amounts; make gulping motion. (galp).
gum, n. Part of mouth in which teeth are fixed. '-boil, n. Small abscess on gum. (gam).
gum, i. n. (Tree producing) sticky liquid, used sp. for getting paper etc. fixed together; CHEWING-GUM. G. arabic, g. got from ACACIA. 2. v.t. Put g. on; get fixed with g. '-g.-boot, n. High rubber boot. '-my, a. Sp., sticky.
'gumption, [Com.] n. Common sense. ('gamfən).
gun, n. Apparatus with metal pipe for sending balls of metal etc. by force of gunpowder etc. for purpose of destruction. Blow great gg., (of wind) be blowing violently; stick to one's gg., keep one's position in face of attack or argument.
-boat, n. Small, well-armed warship.
'g.-carriage, n. Wheeled support for gun.
'g.-cotton, n. Explosive made of cotton with acid on it. '-man, [Am.] n. Armed man who does violent crimes.
'g.-metal, n. Metal made of copper mixed with tin or zinc. '-ner, n. Man

GYNAECOLOGY

working great gun. '-nery, n. The operation of great guns. '-powder, n. Powder which goes off with loud noise when touched with fire. '-room, n. Room for lower OFFICERS in ship. '-g.-running, n. Taking of fire-arms into country against the law. '-g.-shot, n. Sp., range of gun-fire. '-smith, n. Maker of small fire-arms. (gan).
'gunny, n. Cheap, rough cloth used for parcelling goods. ('gani).
'gunwale, n. Top edge of ship's side. ('gani).
'gurgle, v.i. & t., n. (Make) noise as of water coming from bottle. ('gə:gl).
gush, v.i., n. (Come out with) sudden outburst (as) of water; be overdoing signs of pleasure etc. in talk. '-er, n. Sp., oil hole in earth from which oil gushes up without being pumped. (gaf).
'gusset, n. 3-sided bit of cloth let into dress etc. to make it wider. ('gasit).
gust, n. Sudden violent blow of wind; burst (of rain, angry feeling, etc.). (gast).
gus'tation, n. Tasting. (gas'teifən).
'gusto, n. Great pleasure in doing a thing. ('gastou).
gut, i. n. INTESTINE; material made of g., used for violin cords, fishing-lines; narrow water-way. Gg., BOWELS; [Hum.] value, force, driving-power. 2. v.t. Take gg. out of (fish); make destruction of, take away, things inside (building). (gat).
'gutta-percha, n. Rubber-like substance made from liquid produced by certain trees. ('gatə'pə:tʃə).
'gutter, i. n. Drain at edge of roof or side of road. 2. v.i. (Of wax ligat) be burning away with wax running down.
'g.-snipe, n. Poor, dirty little boy or girl playing about in the streets. ('gatə).
'guttural, n., a. (Sound) produced in the throat; of the throat. ('gatərel).
guy, v.t., n. (Make use of) cord or chain to keep (thing) in position. (gai).
guy, i. n. Old clothing etc. in form of man, burned on Nov. 5th in memory of Guy Fawkes's attempted destruction of Brit. PARLIAMENT; strangely dressed person; [Am. Hum.] boy, man. 2. v.t. Make sport of, make seem foolish.
'guzzle, v.i. & t. Take food or drink quickly in great amounts. ('gəzl).
gym'khana, n. Sports competitions taking place as public event. (dʒim'kʰana).
gym'nasium, n. Place designed for physical training. (dʒim'neiziəm).
gym'nastic, a. Of gymnastics. '-s, n. pl. Forms of physical training. 'gymnast, n. Expert in gymnastics. (dʒim'nastik).
gynaecology, n. Science of diseases special to women. (gaini'kolədʒi).

GYP

gyp, n. College servant at Cambridge or Durham. (dʒip).
'gypsum, n. Chalk-like substance from which PLASTER OF PARIS is made, used for making land fertile. ('dʒipsəm).
'gypsy, n. GIPSY.
gy'rate, v.i. Go round in a circle or with corkscrew motion. (dʒaɪ'reit).
'gyroscope, n. Wheel which keeps something balanced by turning quickly. ('dʒaɪrəskəup).
gyve, [Let.] n., v.t. SHACKLE. (dʒaiv).



H

ha, int. Word voicing surprise, pleasure, doubt etc. (ha:).
'habeas corpus, [Law] n. Order for person to be taken before judge etc., sp. to see what right the law has to keep him waiting in prison. ('heibias'kɔ:pəs).
'haberdasher, n. Trader in small dress goods, thread etc. '-y, n. Haberdasher's goods or store. ('habədəʃə).
ha'biliments, n. pl. The special dress for some event or as sign of important position; [Hum.] clothing. (hə'biliments).
'habit, n. Tendency, regular way of acting; general quality of mind, body; dress of order of religion; RIDING-H. ha'bitual (hə'bitʃuəl), a. Regular, done as a habit. ha'bituate, v.t. Get (person) used (to). '-ude, n. Habitual way of acting; long use. ('habit).
ha'bitué, [F.] n. One who regularly goes to a place. (hə'bitʃuei).
'habitable, a. Possible for living in.
'habitat, n. Natural living-place of plant, animal. **habi'tation**, n. Living-place; act of living in. ('habitəbl).
'habitant, n. F.-Canadian, sp. countryman. ('abitən).
hack, i. v.t. & i. Get roughly cut; give kick to on front of lower part of leg. **Hacking cough**, short, dry cough. 2. n. Wound made by hacking. **'h.-saw**, n. Narrow one for cutting metal. (hak).
hack, n. Horse let out to persons; hackney; one doing hard, uninteresting work as writer etc. for payment. '-ney ('hakni), n. Common horse for getting about on. **H. carriage**, one let out to public. '-neyed, a. (Of saying etc.) over-common, much used.
had. See HAVE.
'haddock, n. Sea-fish used for food, freq. smoked. ('hadək).

HALF

'Hades, [Gk. fict.] n. Place under earth, where shades of dead go. ('heidiz).
h(a)emo'globin, n. Red substance in blood by which OXYGEN is taken to all parts of body. (hi:mə'gləubin).
'h(a)emorrhage, n. Loss of blood from blood-vessels. ('hemaridʒ).
'h(a)emorrhoids, n. pl. PILES. ('heməroids).
haft, n. Hand-part of knife etc. (ha:ft).
hag, n. (Bad or unkind) old woman with very unpleasant looks. (hag).
'haggard, a. (Of face) very tired-looking, deeply lined, from trouble etc. ('hagəd).
'haggis, n. Scot. food made of inside parts of sheep cut up, mixed with meal, and cooked in skin of stomach. ('hagis).
'haggle, v.i., n. (Have) argument about sp. price. ('hagl).
'ha'ha, int. Used as sign of laugh. ('ha:ha:).
'ha-ha, n. Garden etc. wall, put low down in hollow to be out of view. ('ha:ha:).
hail, i. n. Small ice-balls falling like rain. 2. v.i. & t. (Of h.) come down (it hails); come, send, down (gen. on) as quickly and hard as h. **'h.-stone**, n. Ice-ball. (heil).
hail, i. [Old] int. Cry voicing good feeling, used sp. when meeting. 2. v.t. & i. Say h. or other word of meeting to; give cry to (ship, person) to get attention; h. (person) giving him name of (ruler etc.) (freq. h. as); (of ship, person) have come (from). 3. n. Hailing cry. *Be h. fellow well met*, be very free, acting like an old friend (with).
hair, n. Any or all of thread-like growths on skin, sp., of person's head; h.-like thing. *By a h.'s breadth*, by smallest possible amount; *keep your h. on*, [Hum.] don't get angry; *make one's h. stand on end*, make one full of fear; *not turn a h.*, give no signs of being troubled or tired. '-dresser, n. Person whose business is dressing and cutting hair.
'h.-splitting, a., n. Giving attention to shades of sense etc. so small as to be unimportant. '-spring, n. Very delicate watch-spring controlling balance-wheel. (hea).
hake, n. Sea fish used as food. (heik).
'halberd, [Hist.] n. War instrument formed of AXE and pointed blade. '-ier, n. Man armed with halberd. ('həlbə:d).
'halcyon, [Fict.] n. Bird which makes sea quiet. *H. days*, time of peace. ('halsian).
hale, [Old] v.t. Take (to) by force. (heil).
hale, a. Healthy, strong (sp. of old persons).
half (halves), i. n. One of the 2 equal divisions of a thing; roughly a half. *Better h.*, [Hum.] woman one is married to; *do by hh.*, badly, not completely; *go hh.*, take equal part (with person in thing). 2. a.,